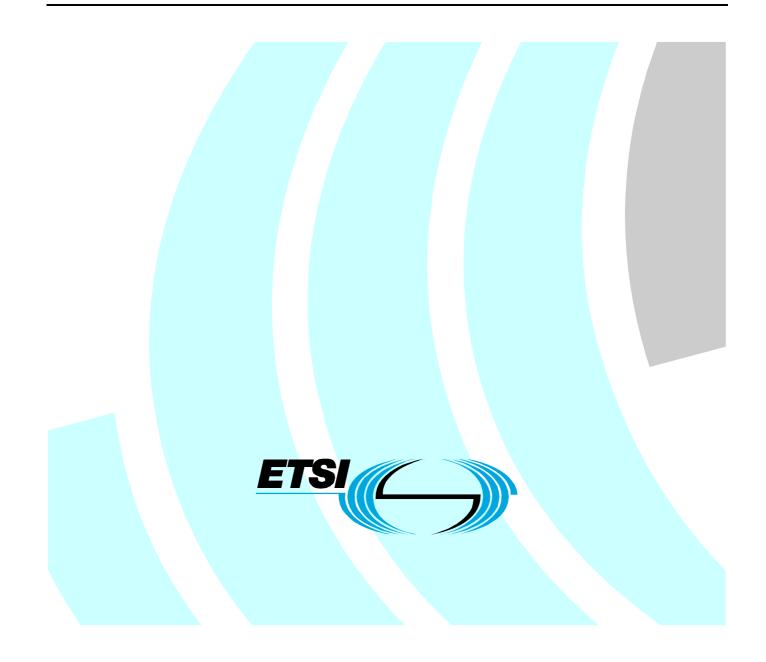
# ETSI TS 101 975 V1.2.1 (2007-07)

Technical Specification

# Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); RF Sensitive Area Mode



Reference

RTS/TETRA-01069

Keywords

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## Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA).

# Introduction

The present document seeks to address, on behalf of specific TETRA user groups, a general problem associated with transmissions of all wireless technologies because of the excessive susceptibility of some devices to interference from some RF transmitters in very close proximity. The interference occurs despite the transmitter of the wireless device being well within its specification. There also are other requirements within the wide scope of public safety operations to avoid transmissions from terminals while maintaining some level of communications.

It is intended to have optional operational modes for TETRA terminals which are required to operate in such RF sensitive areas (RF SAs). These RF SA modes include:

- modes in which all transmissions from the terminal are temporarily inhibited (Transmit-inhibit modes);
- a mode in which the terminal operates at a pre-set low value of transmitted power (low-power mode).

The contents of the present document define the requirements for basic and enhanced Transmit-inhibit (TxI) modes. It is intended that the requirements of low-power mode may be addressed in a future version of the present document and a later version may address aspects of network management, security implications and network enhancements, all relating to RF SA modes.

The TETRA Release 1.3 standards are defined in TR 100 392-17-3 and TETRA Release 2.0 standards will be defined in TR 100 392-17-4.

## 1 Scope

The present document defines the requirements for basic and enhanced TxI modes. The present document is applicable to the specification of TETRA terminal equipment.

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <a href="http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference">http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference</a>.

- NOTE: While any hyperlinks included in this clause were valid at the time of publication ETSI cannot guarantee their long term validity.
- [1] ETSI EN 300 392-10-21: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Voice plus Data (V+D); Part 10: Supplementary services stage 1; Sub-part 21: Ambience Listening (AL)".

# 3 Definitions and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

**transmit-inhibit mode:** mode of operation for a TETRA terminal in which all transmissions from the terminal are prohibited

**low-power mode:** mode of operation for a TETRA terminal in which the transmit power output from the terminal is temporarily restricted to a low value

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AL	Ambience Listening
DMO	Direct Mode Operation
I/O	Input/Output
MMI	Man Machine Interface
MS	Mobile Station
PEI	Periferial Equipment Interface
RF SA	Radio Frequency Sensitive Area
RF	Radio Frequency
SDS	Short Data Service
SwMI	Switching and Management Infrastructure
ТМО	Trunked Mode Operation
TxI	Transmit Inhibit

# 4 RF Sensitive Area modes

## 4.1 Introduction

The requirements in the present document have arisen from some of the unique requirements of public safety users. In some cases, at safety critical situations in RF SAs, minimum communication must be maintained, rather than insisting that users turn off their phones as is commonly done in airplanes and hospitals, etc.

In an optional TxI mode all transmissions from a TETRA terminal would be temporarily inhibited. The terminal would be unable to initiate any calls or respond to messages sent by SwMI or by other terminals and consequently the terminal would support only limited services. This option is intended primarily for the public safety community. It should be noted that this mode of operation is made possible due to the unacknowledged nature of some of TETRA's services. This key capability provides an opportunity for TETRA to offer a TETRA receive-only mode to be used in particularly sensitive environments.

In an optional low-power mode the transmit power output from the terminal would be temporarily restricted to a low value, so that the terminal causes no interference to sensitive devices in its vicinity. The actual low power value to be used would take account of particular regulatory/safety requirements and local conditions in individual environments. In low-power mode the terminal would continue to support all its TETRA services, provided that a viable two-way communications link was maintained.

Optionally, to support some public safety users' need to ensure officer safety, the terminal could be programmed to accept an AL call setup whilst in TxI or low-power mode, to cancel this mode without any indication of this to the user and to continue with a AL call as defined in EN 300 392-10-21 [1].

TxI and low-power modes would apply to terminal equipment (i.e. MSs). Base station equipment is outside the scope of the present document.

Minimum requirement specifications for various RF SA modes are contained in the annexes to the present document. The tables in the annexes indicate any impact on standardization.

All requirements are to be considered minimum requirements, unless marked as "Optional" in the notes columns of the tables in the annexes.

Manufacturers are naturally free to offer additional functionality above these minimum requirements.

### 4.2 Basic RF SA mode

See annex A.

## 4.3 Enhanced RF SA mode

See annex B.

# Annex A (normative): Basic RF SA mode

When in basic RF SA mode the TETRA terminal does not transmit RF energy under any circumstances and this requirement takes precedence over all other requirements in table A.1. The basic RF SA mode provides a TxI functionality.

Basic RF SA requirements are based on a solution that:

- does not need any network signalling;
- does not provide MMI indications; and
- does not provide automatic restoration to normal mode if an emergency call set-up attempt is made.

The basic RF SA mode user requirements are presented in table A.1.

;

Feature		Basic RF SA mode user requirement		Remarks	
			standard		
		Activation of RF SA mode			
1.1	Command	Under manual control of terminal user.	No		
		Designed to avoid inadvertent activation.	No		
		Automatically by the terminal, by deactivation of an AL call	No	No indication of	
		that was started when the MS was in RF SA mode, unless		activation of RF SA,	
		the user has manually deactivated the RF SA mode during		Optional	
		the AL call.			
1.2	Indication	No alerts or display on terminal MMI.	No		
		Clear and unambiguous indication (visual and/or tactile) to	No		
		terminal user, e.g. by position of activation switch.			
		Use voice message sent by the terminal user to inform	No	See note 5	
		others before entering basic RF SA mode.			
		De-activation of RF SA mode			
2.1	Command	Under manual control of terminal user.	No		
		Provide rapid, easy de-activation on demand.	No		
		Designed to avoid inadvertent de-activation.	No		
		By the terminal due to activation of an AL call.	No	No indication of deactivation of RF SA, Optional	
2.2	Indication	No alerts or display on terminal MMI.	No		
		Use voice message sent by the terminal user to inform	No	Optional,	
		others when returned to normal mode.		see note 5	
2.3	Basic RF SA mode	There shall be no inadvertent change back from basic RF	No		
	selection integrity	SA mode to normal mode, e.g. due to I/O signalling			
		through any interface, operation of MMI switches, etc. with			
		the exception of the potential optional AL call activation,			
		plus either:			
		Option 1			
		There shall be no inadvertent change back from basic RF			
		SA mode to normal mode due to power off, battery			
		exhaustion or battery changes.			
		Or Option 2			
		The state of being in basic RF SA mode shall be cancelled			
		at switch-off or battery removal or exhaustion (this would			
		prevent a stolen terminal being fitted with a fresh battery			
		and being used to eavesdrop on TMO communications in			
		a particular cell or location area, until de-registered by the			
		network or removed from TMO group addresses. It would			
		also prevent a stolen terminal being fitted with a fresh			
		battery and being used to eavesdrop on DMO			
		communications until removed from DMO group			
		addresses).			

	Feature	Basic RF SA mode user requirement	Impact on ETSI standard	Remarks
		Calls supported (Trunked mode)	standard	
		Individual voice or calls are not supported in basic RF SA n	node	
3.1	Voice Calls	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged Group Voice	No	See note 5
0.1	Voice Gallo	Calls in the group last selected before entering basic RF	110	
		SA mode, including an emergency voice message from a		
		unit within that talk-group.		
3.2	Data Calls	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged group data	No	Optional,
		calls in the group last selected before entering basic RF		see notes 1 and 5
		SA mode.		
3.3	SDS and status	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged SDS and	No	Optional,
	messages	status messages in the group last selected before entering		see note 1
		basic RF SA mode.		
		Service aspects		
4.4	Duration of service	(Trunked mode)	No	See note 4
4.1	in RF SA mode	As allowed by the network (e.g. network may de-register a terminal if it has not indicated its presence for [e.g. 4]	INO	See note 4
	III KF SA IIIOUE	hours).		
4.2	Mobility 1	Group calls to the terminal will continue to be carried by	No	See note 4
т.2		the base station cell that was selected when basic RF SA	NO	
		mode was entered.		
4.3	Mobility 2	If the terminal moves to a new cell within the current	No	See notes 2 and 4
		location area, Undeclared cell re-selection would apply.		
		The terminal could receive unacknowledged group calls		
		being carried by the new cell for other terminals.		
4.4	Group Selection	User can set the terminal to receive any group call of	No	
		which it is a member, but actual reception of any group will		
		be dependent on the mobility constraints (see features 4.2		
		and 4.3).		
4.5	Ambience Listening	If the terminal receives an AL call setup command, the	No	Optional, no
		terminal will deactivate the RF SA mode and continue with the AL call. After the AL call is finished the terminal will		indication of deactivation or
				activation of RF SA
		return to the RF SA mode. Direct Mode		activation of KF SA
	Individual vo	prect mode	basic RF SA	A mode
5.1	Voice Calls	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged Group Voice	No	See note 3
		Calls in any selected group, including an emergency voice		
		message.		
5.2	Data Calls	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged group data	No	Optional,
		calls in any selected group.		see notes 1 and 3
5.3	SDS and status	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged SDS and	No	Optional,
	messages	status messages in any selected group.		see notes 1 and 3
5.4	Group Selection	User can set the terminal to receive any group of which it	No	
		is a member and for which it is in range of the transmitting		
NOT	E 1. Drovided there is	master.		
		ea in which an MS may be registered is termed its location a	rea: this ma	v correspond to a
		roup of cells. The total of all location areas in which the MS is		
		MS will be issued is termed its registration area. The networ		
	called MS to its r			
NOT		prough a Gateway to a RF SA mode user in DMO would not l	be supporte	ed. This type of
		ould be the same as those experienced by users calling a TM		
	E 4: Provided the terr	ninal contains the necessary, valid encryption keys.		
NOT	E 5: Not applicable fo	r the AL call case.		

# Annex B (normative): Enhanced RF SA mode

When in enhanced RF SA mode the TETRA terminal does not transmit RF energy under any circumstances and this requirement takes precedence over all other requirements in table B.1. Enhanced RF SA mode provides a TxI functionality.

Enhanced RF SA mode requirements are based on a solution that includes the minimum requirements of Stage 1 (basic), but additionally offers:

- alert/MMI display of RF SA mode status;
- status message to network just before RF SA mode is activated;
- status message to network when RF SA mode is de-activated; and
- automatic restoration to normal mode if an emergency call set-up attempt is made.
- NOTE: Definition of network is outside the scope of the present document.

The enhanced RF SA mode user requirements are presented in tables B.1 and B.2.

Functionality that is present in enhanced mode, but not in basic mode, is shown by note 6 in the notes column of the table B.1.

Feature		Enhanced RF SA mode user requirement	Impact on ETSI standard	Remarks	
		Activation of RF SA mode			
1.1	Command	Under manual control of terminal user.	No		
		Designed to avoid inadvertent activation.	No		
		Via PEI (A bespoke interface is considered acceptable	Yes (No)	Optional,	
		initially).		see notes 6 and 5	
		Automatically by the terminal due to deactivation of an AL call that was started when the MS was in RF SA mode, unless the user has manually deactivated the RF SA mode during the AL call.	No	No indication of activation of RF SA, optional	
1.2	Indication	Alert and/or display on terminal MMI.	No	See notes 6 and 7	
		Use voice message sent by the terminal user to inform others before entering enhanced RF SA mode.	No	Optional, see note 7	
		Use Status message to notify network before entering enhanced RF SA mode.	Yes (Status code)	See notes 6 and 7	
		Via PEI (A bespoke interface is considered acceptable	Yes (No)	Optional,	
		initially).		see notes 5, 6 and 7	
		De-activation of RF SA mode			
2.1	Command	Under manual control of terminal user.	No		
		Provide rapid, easy de-activation on demand.	No		
		Designed to avoid inadvertent de-activation.	No		
		Via PEI (A bespoke interface is considered acceptable initially).	Yes (No)	Optional, see notes 6 and 5	
		By the terminal by activation of an AL call	No	No indication of deactivation of RF SA, optional	
2.2	Indication	Alert and/or display on terminal MMI.	No	See notes 6 and 7	
		Use voice message sent by the terminal user to inform others when returned to normal mode.	No	Optional, see note 7	
		Use Status message to notify network when returned to normal mode.	Yes (Status code)	See notes 6 and 7	
		Via PEI (A bespoke interface is considered acceptable initially).	Yes (No)	See notes 5, 6 and 7	

#### Table B.1: Enhanced RF SA mode user requirements

	Feature	Enhanced RF SA mode user requirement	Impact on ETSI standard	Remarks
2.3	Enhanced RF SA mode selection integrity	There shall be no inadvertent change back from enhanced RF SA mode to normal mode, e.g. due to I/O signalling through any interface, operation of MMI switches, etc. with the exception of the potential optional AL call activation plus either: <b>Option 1</b> There shall be no inadvertent change back from enhanced RF SA mode to normal mode due to power off, battery exhaustion or battery changes. Or <b>Option 2</b>	No	
		The state of being in enhanced RF SA mode shall be cancelled at switch-off or battery removal or exhaustion. (This would prevent a stolen terminal being fitted with a fresh battery and being used to eavesdrop on TMO communications in a particular cell or location area, until de-registered by the network or removed from TMO group addresses. It would also prevent a stolen terminal being fitted with a fresh battery and being used to eavesdrop on DMO communications until removed from DMO group addresses).		
	la di dala da ca	Calls supported (Trunked mode)		
3.1	Individual vo Voice Calls	ice and data calls and SDS messages are not supported in e Able to continue to receive unacknowledged Group Voice	nhanced RI No	- SA mode See note 7
		Calls in the group last selected before entering enhanced RF SA mode, including an emergency voice message from a unit within that talk-group.		
3.2	Data Calls	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged group data calls in the group last selected before entering enhanced RF SA mode.	No	Optional, see notes 1 and 7
3.3	SDS and status messages	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged SDS and status messages in the group last selected before entering enhanced RF SA mode.	No	Optional, see note 1
3.4	Emergency call	User can specify that initiating an emergency call will automatically cause the terminal to de-activate enhanced RF SA mode.	No	Optional, see notes 6 and 8
		Service aspects (Trunked mode)		
4.1	Duration of service in TxI mode	As allowed by the network (e.g. network may de-register a terminal if it has not indicated its presence for [e.g. 4] hours).	No	See note 4
4.2	Mobility 1	Group calls to the terminal will continue to be carried by the base station cell that was selected when enhanced RF SA mode was entered.	No	See note 4
4.3	Mobility 2	If the terminal moves to a new cell within the current location area, Undeclared cell re-selection would apply. The terminal could receive unacknowledged group calls being carried by the new cell for other terminals.	No	See notes 2 and 4
4.4	Group Selection	User can set the terminal to receive any group call of which it is a member, but actual reception of any group will be dependent on the mobility constraints (see features 4.2 and 4.3).	No	
4.5	Ambience Listening	If the terminal receives an AL call setup command, the terminal will deactivate the RF SA mode and continue with the AL call. After the AL call is finished the terminal will return to the RF SA mode.	No	Optional, no indication of deactivation or activation of RF SA
4.6	MMI feature (1) when in RF SA mode	Audible/visual warning to user if the press-to-talk switch or other call-invoking buttons are pressed.		Optional, see notes 1, 6 and 7
4.7	MMI feature (2) when in RF SA mode	Audible/visual warning to user if the terminal is moving out of coverage of the initial base station cell.		Optional, see notes 1, 6 and 7
4.8	MMI feature (3) when in RF SA mode	Audible/visual warning to user if the terminal goes out of coverage of the initial base station cell.		Optional, see note 7

	Feature	Enhanced RF SA mode user requirement	Impact on ETSI standard	Remarks
4.9	MMI feature (4)	Terminal shall give no indication of any incoming calls that		Optional,
	when in RF SA	require a terminal acknowledgement.		see notes 1, 6 and 8
	mode			
	المرابعة بالمرابع	Direct Mode		
5.4		ce and data calls and SDS messages are not supported in e		
5.1	Voice Calls	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged Group Voice	No	See note 3
		Calls in any selected group, including an emergency voice		
- 0		message.	NI-	Ontional
5.2	Data Calls	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged group data	No	Optional,
<b>F</b> 0	CDC and status	calls in any selected group.	Nia	see notes 1 and 3
5.3	SDS and status	Able to continue to receive unacknowledged SDS and	No	Optional,
5.4	messages	status messages in any selected group.		see notes 1 and 3
5.4	Group Selection	User can set the terminal to receive any group of which it	No	
		is a member and for which it is in range of the transmitting		
NOT	L Drovided there	master.		
		is no adverse development impact. Irea in which a terminal may be registered is termed its locati	on araa: thi	a may correspond to a
NOT		group of cells. The total of all location areas in which the tern		
paging messages to the terminal will be issued is termed its registration area. The network routes all messages to the called terminal to its registration area.			or routes an	
NOTE 3: Individual calls through a Gateway to a user in enhanced RF SA mode in DMO would not be supported			ot be supported. This	
type of individual call would be the same as those experienced by users calling a TMO user in en				
	SA mode.		ing a mio	
NOT	E 4: Provided the terminal contains the necessary, valid encryption keys.			
		at is present in enhanced mode, but not in basic mode.	, s <b>3</b> -	
		for the AL call case.		
NOT	E 8: Interaction between AL and other call types is specified in EN 300 392-10-21 [1].			

#### Table B.2: Status values for the enhanced RF SA mode

Number	Status message	Value	Remarks
1	Activation of RF SA mode	0xFEF0	
2	De-activation of RF SA mode	0xFEF1	

# Annex C (informative): Bibliography

ETSI TR 100 392-17-3: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Voice plus Data (V+D); Part 17: TETRA V+D and DMO specifications; Sub-part 3: Release 1.3".

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ETSI TR 100 392-17-4: "Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA); Voice plus Data (V+D); Part 17: TETRA V+D and DMO specifications; Sub-part 4: Release 2.0".

# History

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